

**INTER-AMERICAN TROPICAL TUNA COMMISSION**

**87<sup>TH</sup> MEETING**

**Lima (Peru)  
14-18 July 2014**

**PROPOSAL IATTC-87 E-1**

**SUBMITTED BY THE EUROPEAN UNION**

**RESOLUTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF SHARKS CAUGHT IN  
ASSOCIATION WITH FISHERIES IN THE IATTC CONVENTION  
AREA**

**EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM**

The Antigua Convention requires IATTC to adopt conservation measures for species associated with the main targeted stocks.

The European Union is proposing a new Resolution which aims at tackling the threats to shark populations from the practice of shark finning.

**Rationale:**

This management measure aims to respond to concerns about the threats to shark populations from the practice of shark finning, in fact:

- The current percentage fins: body weight ratio requirement has no clear scientific basis as a conservation measure for sharks, rather it appears to be aimed at slowing down the rate of fishing or to deter fishing on sharks by not allowing fins only to be landed and requiring vessels to return to port more often to unload fins and body parts;
- Maintaining the use of the fin: body weight ratios will preclude the collection of essential information on species level interactions with fishing fleets, crucial for accurate stock assessments for sharks;
- Current scientific evidence clearly indicates that percentage fins:body weight varies widely among species, fin types used in calculations, the type of carcass weight used (whole or dressed), and the method of processing used to remove the fins (fin cutting technique);
- The use of the ratio measure is unlikely to address any sustainability issues that might exist for particular species;
- The only way to guarantee that sharks are not finned (and full utilisation of sharks is encouraged) is to require that the trunks be landed with the fins attached

*The Inter American Tropical Tuna Commission (IATTC),*

RECALLING that since 2007 the United Nations General Assembly calls upon States to consider the adoption of measures that require all sharks to be landed with each fin naturally attached;

RECALLING that the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) International Plan of Action for Sharks calls on States to cooperate through Regional Fisheries Organisations to ensure the

sustainability of shark stocks;

ALSO RECALLING that the FAO International Plan of Action for Sharks calls on States to facilitate improved species-specific catch and landings data and monitoring of shark catches;

CONSIDERING that many sharks are part of the pelagic ecosystems in the IATTC area, and that tunas and tuna-like species are captured in fisheries targeting sharks;

CONSIDERING that despite regional agreements on the prohibition of shark finning, sharks' fins continue to be removed on board and the rest of the shark carcass discarded into the sea;

CONSCIOUS that the use of fin-to-carcass-weight ratios is not an adequate means of ensuring that sharks are not finned;

RECOGNISING the need to improve the collection of species-specific data on catch, discards and trade as a basis for improving the conservation and management of shark stocks;

AWARE that identifying sharks by species is rarely possible when the fins have been removed from the carcasses;

FURTHER RECALLING that United Nations General Assembly, adopted consensus Resolutions every year from 2007 through 2012 (62/177, 63/112, 64/72, 65/38, 66/68 and 67/79), calling upon States to take immediate and concerted action to improve the implementation of and compliance with existing regional fisheries management organization or arrangement measures that regulate shark fisheries and incidental catch of sharks, in particular those measures which prohibit or restrict fisheries conducted solely for the purpose of harvesting shark fins, and, where necessary, to consider taking other measures, as appropriate, such as requiring that all sharks be landed with each fin naturally attached.

Agrees as follows:

1. Members and Cooperating non-Members (hereafter referred to as CPCs) shall prohibit the removal of shark fins at sea and require that all sharks be landed with their fins naturally attached (fully or partially) through the point of first landing of the shark.
2. Without prejudice to paragraph 1, in order to facilitate on-board storage, shark fins may be partially sliced through and folded against the carcass, but shall not be removed from the carcass before the first landing.
3. Fishing vessels are prohibited from retaining on board, transshipping, or landing shark fins harvested in contravention of this of this Conservation and Management Measure (CMM).
4. CPCs shall prohibit offering for sale, selling or purchasing shark fins that are taken, landed or possessed in contravention of this Resolution.
5. In fisheries in which sharks are unwanted species, CPCs shall encourage the release of live sharks, especially juveniles, to the extent possible, that are caught incidentally and are not used for food and/or subsistence.
6. CPCs shall, where possible, undertake research to identify ways to make fishing gears more selective and provide relevant information to the Scientific Advisory Committee.
7. CPCs shall, where possible, conduct research to identify shark nursery areas in the Convention Area and provide relevant information to the Scientific Committee.
8. CPCs shall obtain and maintain the best possible data for IATTC fisheries impacting upon sharks, including improved species identification.
9. Paragraph 4 of Resolution C-05-03 is replaced by this measure.