

**INTER-AMERICAN TROPICAL TUNA COMMISSION****90<sup>TH</sup> MEETING**

La Jolla, California (USA)

27 June-1 July 2016

**PROPOSAL IATTC-90 G-1A****SUBMITTED BY THE UNITED STATES****MULTIANNUAL PROGRAM FOR THE CONSERVATION OF TUNA IN THE  
EASTERN PACIFIC OCEAN DURING ~~2017-2019~~2014-2016**

The Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission (IATTC), gathered in ~~La Jolla, California (USA)~~~~Veracruz, Veracruz (Mexico)~~, on the occasion of its ~~90th~~85<sup>th</sup> Meeting:

*Aware* of its responsibility for the scientific study of the tunas and tuna-like species in its Convention Area and for formulating recommendations to its Members and Cooperating non-Members (CPCs) with regard to these resources;

*Recognizing* that the potential production from the resource can be reduced if fishing effort is excessive;

*Aware* that the capacity of the purse-seine fleets fishing for tunas in the Convention Area continues to increase;

*Taking into account* the best scientific information available, reflected in the IATTC staff's recommendations, and the precautionary approach;

*Understanding that those recommendations acknowledge that purse-seine capacity has increased by 10 percent since 2014, and include increasing extending the closure days for large purse-seine vessels to maintain the populations at levels of abundance which can produce the maximum sustainable yield; and*

*Recognizing* the importance of conservation measures taken by the Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC) for the tuna stocks in that region and the stocks of highly migratory tunas in the Pacific Ocean;

*Agrees:*

To apply in the Convention Area the conservation and management measures for yellowfin and bigeye tuna set out below, and requests that the staff of the IATTC monitor the fishing activities of the respective CPC's flag vessels relative to this commitment, and report on such activities at the next meeting of the Commission;

1. These measures are applicable in the years ~~2017-2019~~2014-2016 to all CPCs' purse-seine vessels of IATTC capacity classes 4 to 6 (more than 182 metric tons carrying capacity), and to all their longline vessels over 24 meters length overall, that fish for yellowfin, bigeye and skipjack tunas in the Convention Area.
2. Pole-and-line, troll, and sportfishing vessels, and purse-seine vessels of IATTC capacity classes 1-3 (182 metric tons carrying capacity or less) are not subject to these measures.
3. All purse-seine vessels covered by these measures must stop fishing in the Convention Area for a

period of ~~87~~<sup>62</sup> days in ~~2017~~, ~~87~~<sup>62</sup> days in ~~2018~~<sup>2015</sup>, and ~~87~~<sup>62</sup> days in ~~2019~~<sup>2016</sup>. These closures shall be effected in one of two periods in each year as follows:

2017 – from [ ] to [ ], or from [ ] to [ ] 2018.

2018 – from [ ] to [ ], or from [ ] to [ ] 2019.

2019 – from [ ] to [ ], or from [ ] to [ ] 2020.

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 3, purse-seine vessels of IATTC capacity class 4 (between 182 and 272 metric tons carrying capacity) will be able to make only one single fishing trip of up to 30 days duration during the specified closure periods, provided that any such vessel carries an observer of the On-Board Observer Program of the Agreement on the International Dolphin Conservation Program (AIDCP).
5. The fishery for yellowfin, bigeye, and skipjack tuna by purse-seine vessels within the area of 96° and 110°W and between 4°N and 3°S illustrated in Figure 1 shall be closed from 0000 hours on 29 September to 2400 hours on 29 October.

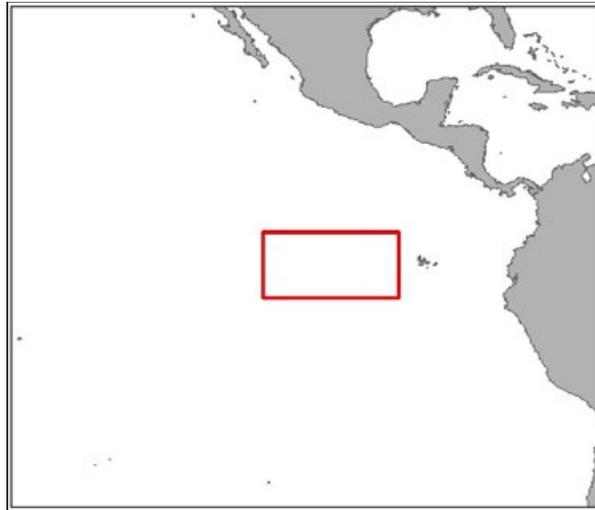


Figure 1. Closure area

6. a. In each one of the years in which these measures are applicable, and for each one of the closure periods, each CPC shall notify the Director, by 15 July, the names of all the purse-seine vessels that will observe each closure period.
- b. Every vessel that fishes during ~~2017-2019~~<sup>2014-2016</sup>, regardless of the flag under which it operates or whether it changes flag or the jurisdiction of the CPC under which it fishes during the year, must observe the closure period to which it was committed.
7. a. Notwithstanding the provision of subparagraphs 6a and 6b, a request by a CPC, on behalf of any of its vessels, for an exemption due to *force majeure*<sup>1</sup> rendering said vessel unable to proceed to sea outside said closure period during at least a period equivalent to the closure period prescribed in paragraph 3 above or a vessel that was in port and not fishing for at least 120 consecutive days, shall be sent to the Secretariat.

<sup>1</sup> For the purposes of paragraph 7, only cases of vessels disabled by mechanical and/or structural failure, fire, or explosion shall be considered *force majeure*

- b. In addition to the request for an exemption, the CPC shall send the evidence necessary to demonstrate that the vessel did not proceed to sea and that the facts on which the request for exemption is based were due to *force majeure* or to being in port and not fishing for at least 120 consecutive days.
- c. The Director shall immediately send the request and the evidence electronically to the other CPCs for their consideration, duly coded in order to maintain the anonymity of the name, flag and owner of the vessel.
- d. The request shall be considered accepted, unless an IATTC Member objects to it formally within 15 calendar days of the receipt of said request, in which case the Director shall immediately notify all CPCs of the objection.
- e. If the request for exemption is accepted:
- the vessel shall observe a reduced closure period of 30 consecutive days in the same year during which the *force majeure* event or at least 120 consecutive days in port and not fishing occurred, in one of the two periods prescribed in paragraph 3, to be immediately notified to the Director by the CPC, or
  - in the event said vessel has already observed a closure period prescribed in paragraph 3 in the same year during which the *force majeure* event or at least 120 consecutive days in port and not fishing occurred, it shall observe a reduced closure period of 30 consecutive days the following year, in one of the two periods prescribed in paragraph 3, to be notified to the Director by the CPC no later than 15 July.

This exemption applies to the vessels of fleets that observe either of the closure periods prescribed in paragraph 3.

8. Each CPC shall, for purse-seine fisheries:
- Before the date of entry into force of the closure, take the legal and administrative measures necessary to implement the closure;
  - Inform all interested parties in its tuna industry of the closure;
  - Inform the Director that these steps have been taken;
  - Ensure that at the time a closure period begins, and for the entire duration of that period, all the purse-seine vessels fishing for yellowfin, bigeye, or skipjack tunas that are committed to observing that closure period and that fly its flag, or operate under its jurisdiction, in the Convention Area are in port, except that vessels carrying an observer from the AIDCP On-Board Observer Program may remain at sea, provided they do not fish in the Convention Area. The only other exception to this provision shall be that vessels carrying an observer from the AIDCP On-Board Observer Program may leave port during the closure, provided they do not fish in the Convention Area.
9. China, Japan, Korea, and Chinese Taipei undertake to ensure that the total annual catches of bigeye tuna by their longline vessels in the Convention Area during 2017-2019~~2014-2016~~ do not exceed the following levels:

2017-2019	Metric tons
China	2,507
Japan	32,372
Korea	11,947
Chinese Taipei	7,555

10. For ~~2018~~2015 and ~~2019~~2016, the total annual longline catches of bigeye tuna in the Convention Area shall be adjusted appropriately based on any conservation measures that may be adopted for purse-seine vessels in those years, as ratified or adjusted in accordance with paragraph ~~2019~~.
11. All other CPCs with historical catch undertake to ensure that the total annual catches of bigeye tuna by their longline vessels in the Convention Area during ~~2017-2019~~2014-2016 do not exceed the greater of ~~750~~500 metric tons or their respective catches of bigeye tuna in 2001<sup>2,3</sup>. CPCs whose annual catches have exceeded 500 metric tons shall provide monthly catch reports to the Director for the remainder of that calendar year.– For ~~2018~~2015 and ~~2019~~2016, the limits in this paragraph shall remain in effect if the conservation measures for purse-seine vessels are maintained, as ratified or adjusted in accordance with paragraph ~~2019~~.
12. Overage by a CPC of a bigeye tuna annual catch limit listed in paragraph 9 or 11 shall be deducted from that CPC's annual catch limit the following year.
13. a. A CPC with an annual catch limit of bigeye tuna under paragraph 9 or 11 may transfer part of that limit to one or more CPCs, provided that the CPC that receives the transfer also has a catch limit under paragraphs 9 and 11, and that the total tonnage transferred by a CPC during a year does not exceed [15] [30] percent of that CPC's annual catch limit. Both CPCs involved in a transfer shall, separately or jointly, notify the Director [10 days] in advance of the intended transfer, specifying the tonnage to be transferred and the year in which the transfer will occur, and the Director shall promptly notify all CPCs of the transfer. The CPC that receives the transferred catch limit shall be responsible for its management, including monitoring and monthly reporting of catch, and may not retransfer any or all of the transferred catch limit to another CPC.
- b. Such transfers may not be used to retroactively offset an overage by another CPC of its catch limit.
- c. The amount of bigeye transferred in any one year shall be considered without prejudice by the Commission for the purposes of establishing any future limits or allocations.
- ~~12.~~14. Landings and transshipments of tuna or tuna products that have been positively identified as originating from fishing activities that contravene these measures are prohibited. The Director is requested to provide relevant information to CPCs to assist them in this regard.
- ~~13.~~15. Each CPC shall submit to the Director, by 15 July of each year, a national report on its updated national compliance scheme and actions taken to implement these measures, including any controls it has imposed on its fleets and any monitoring, control, and compliance measures it has established to ensure compliance with such controls.
- ~~14.~~16. In order to evaluate progress towards the objectives of these measures, in ~~2018~~2015 and ~~2019~~2016 the IATTC scientific staff will analyze the effects on the stocks of the implementation of these measures, and previous conservation and management measures, and will propose, if necessary, appropriate measures to be applied in future years.
- ~~15. The Director is requested to develop, in consultation with interested CPCs, a pilot program for~~

<sup>2</sup> The Commission acknowledges that France, as a coastal State, is developing a tuna longline fleet on behalf of its overseas territories situated in the Convention Area.

<sup>3</sup> The Commission acknowledges that Peru, as a coastal State, will develop a tuna longline fleet, which will operate in strict compliance with the rules and provisions of the IATTC and in accordance with the resolutions of the Commission.

~~research into, and gathering information on, the fish aggregating devices (FADs) used to aggregate tunas in the Convention Area. The program shall include, *inter alia*, provisions for the marking of FADs, maintaining a record of the numbers of FADs on board each vessel at the beginning and end of each fishing trip, and recording the date, time, and position of deployment of each FAD. The Director is requested to report on the status of this effort at the next annual meeting of the IATTC. The information collected shall be held by the IATTC staff.~~

~~16.17.~~ Subject to the availability of the necessary funding, the Director is requested to continue the experiments with sorting grids for juvenile tunas and other species of non-target fish in the purse-seine nets of vessels that fish on FADs and on unassociated schools, by developing an experimental protocol, including parameters for the materials to be used for the sorting grids, and the methods for their construction, installation, and deployment. The Director shall also specify the methods and format for the collection of scientific data to be used for analysis of the performance of the sorting grids. The foregoing is without prejudice to each CPC carrying out its own experimental programs with sorting grids and presenting its results to the Director.

~~18.~~ For ~~2017~~~~2014~~, renew the program to require all purse-seine vessels to first retain on board and then land all bigeye, skipjack, and yellowfin tuna caught, with the following three exceptions, allowing tropical tunas to be discarded if:

~~a. they are~~~~except fish~~ considered unfit for human consumption for reasons other than size (*i.e. fish may not be discarded simply because they are small and may therefore be of lower commercial value. Size is not a reason fish are unfit for human consumption and therefore is not an acceptable reason to allow discards*).

~~b. they are caught in~~ ~~A single exception shall be~~ the final set of a trip, when there ~~is~~~~may be~~ insufficient well space remaining to accommodate all the tuna caught in that set.

~~c. a serious equipment malfunction occurs that makes it impossible to load the catch into the vessel's wells.~~

At its annual meeting in ~~2018~~~~2015~~, the IATTC will review the results of the program, including compliance, and decide whether to continue it.

~~17.19.~~ The IATTC shall continue efforts to promote compatibility between the conservation and management measures adopted by the IATTC and WCPFC in their goals and effectiveness, especially in the overlap area, including by frequent consultations with the WCPFC, in order to maintain, and inform their respective members of, a thorough understanding of conservation and management measures directed at bigeye, yellowfin, and other tunas, and the scientific bases and effectiveness of those measures.

~~18.20.~~ a. In ~~2017~~~~2014~~ the results of these measures shall be evaluated in the context of the results of the stock assessments and of changes in the level of active capacity in the purse-seine fleet and, depending on the conclusions reached by the IATTC scientific staff, in consultation with the Scientific Advisory Committee, based on such evaluation, the Commission shall, at its meeting in 2017, adopt conservation and management measures for the sustainable use of tuna and tuna-like species ~~at its meeting in 2014~~.

b. In ~~2018~~~~2015~~, the results of these measures shall be evaluated in the context of the results of the stock assessment and of changes in the level of active capacity in the purse-seine fleet and, depending on the conclusions reached by the IATTC staff, in consultation with the Scientific Advisory Committee, based on such evaluation, the Commission shall, at its meeting in 2018, adopt conservation and management measures for the sustainable use of the tunas and tuna-like

species, ~~at its meeting in 2015.~~

~~19.21.~~ Except in cases of *force majeure* and vessels in port and not fishing for at least 120 consecutive days prescribed in paragraph 7, no exemptions will be allowed with regard to the closure periods notified to the Director in accordance with paragraph 6a, nor with regard to the fishing effort of the purse-seine fleets of the respective CPCs.