

Why?

Article VII of the Convention (Functions of the Commission)

(g) adopt appropriate measures to avoid, reduce and minimize waste, discards, catch by lost or discarded gear...

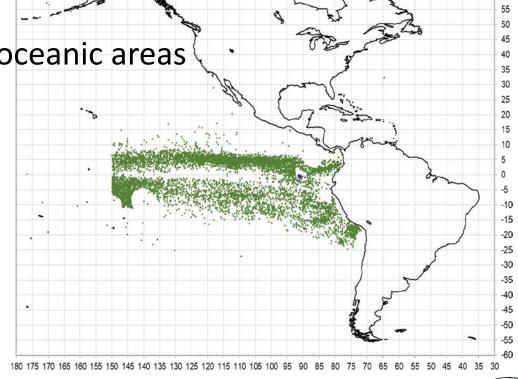
- 1. Reduce debris on beaches
 - Effect on habitat (nesting beaches, reef damage)
 - Effect on economic sensitive areas
- 2. Reduce debris in the ocean
- 3. Effect on small-scale fisheries
- 4. Possible 'ghost' fishing





Goals

- 1. Evaluation of extent of the problem
 - a) Magnitude of loss and/or abandonment (LOA) of FADs
- 2. Evaluate impact
 - a) Magnitude of impacts in coastal and oceanic areas
- 3. Develop strategies
 - a) Mitigation
 - b) Recovering
 - c) Management





Goal 1: Evaluation of problem

Objective: Identification

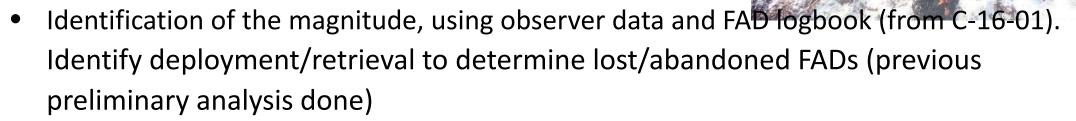
- a) Magnitude of loss and/or abandonment (LOA) of FADs Surveys
 - Operators
 - ✓ Proportion of lost FADs. Malfunction, 'borrowed' by others, separated from its beacon
 - ✓ Proportion of abandoned FADs. Due to fast currents, change of fishing area or strategy
 - CPC or relevant organizations designed by CPC (GOs and NGOs)
 - ✓ Estimation of strandings (anecdotal)
 - ✓ Removal procedures or strategies already in place
 - ✓ Identification of areas affected





Goal 2: Evaluation of impact

Objective: Identification
Impacts of LOA FADs in coastal and oceanic areas
Data Analysis



- Proportion of abandoned FADs. Due to fast currents, change of fishing area or strategy
- Ocean circulation modelling to forecast areas of impact
- Assessment of 'sensitivity' (economic, social, environmental)
- Obtain data from providers of FAD trajectories for the past years (not in real-time)
- Information of procurement of buoys by vessel/company.



Goal 3: Development of strategies

Objectives:

Mitigation, recovery and management Identification of required data

- 'Marking'. Census
 Needed for accurate analysis of FAD density.
- FAD 'ownership' identification
 To develop strategies for collection, reduction of impact
- Real-time (or near r-t) data location (specific areas)
 Develop strategies for prevention of strandings



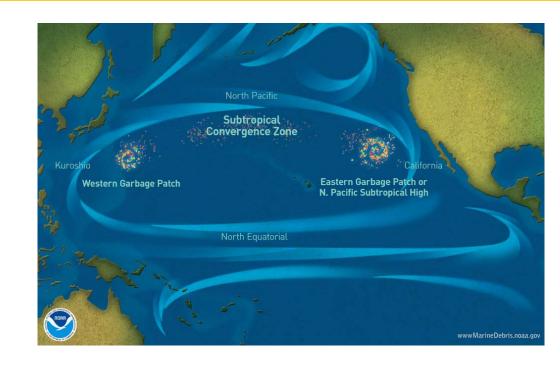
Goal 3: Development of strategies (ex.)

Examples of management strategies:

- Identification of 'hot spots'
 Oceanic concentrations of LOA FADs
 Carbon footprint
- Coastal prevention of strandings (ex. Seychelles)

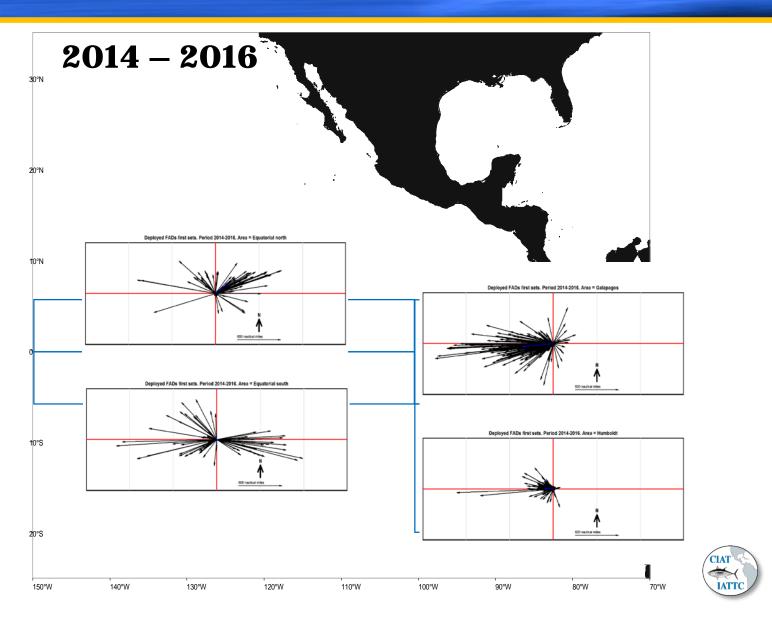
Requires provision of real-time data

- Identification of stakeholders Include buoys manufacturers?
- Recycling/recovery fee/reward
- Registry of 'licensed' FADs





Goal 3: Development of strategies (ex.)





Questions?

